

## RAPID RESOURCE 1: FEEDING FACTS (pg 1)

### INITIATION/TITRATION OF ENTERAL NUTRITION (EN) (see pre-printed orders)

- 1) Unless contraindicated, include EN orders with admission orders (ALWAYS discuss with ICU Fellow/Attending).
  - GI access: Insert #18 Fr Salem Sump NG tube (unless contraindicated)
  - Initiation and titration: Initiate and titrate feeds as per ICU Gastric Feeding Protocol.
    - Start rate \_\_\_\_\_ mL/hr (if different from 25 mL/hr)
    - Goal rate: \_\_\_\_\_ mL/hr (refer to Calorie Calculator).
  - Enteral feeding formula: \_\_\_\_\_ (refer to formulary).
- 2) Following GI surgery, **do not** initiate EN until the Surgeon and ICU Fellow/Attending have discussed the feeding plan.
- 3) Unless contraindicated, order the ICU bowel protocol (standard or spine-injured) with admission orders.
- 4) Unless contraindicated, order MVI (10 mL), folate (5 mg), thiamine (100 mg) IV once daily x 3 days with admit orders.

### MAINTENANCE OF ENTERAL NUTRITION

- 5) Initiate metoclopramide (unless contraindicated) in patients with elevated gastric residual volumes (> 250 ml Q4H).
  - normal renal function: 10 mg IV Q6H
  - renal dysfunction: dosage adjustment required
- 6) **DO NOT STOP EN** in the following situations (unless medically indicated):
  - elevated gastric residual volumes
  - absent bowel sounds
  - single episodes of stimulation related emesis
  - diarrhea
- 7) Insert a nasoduodenal (ND) feeding tube (unless contraindicated) in the following patients (consult ICU ND Team):
  - gastric residual volumes >250 mL despite 4 doses metoclopramide followed by 2 doses erythromycin
  - aspiration risk (i.e. Hx. GERD; nursed in supine or prone position)
  - ≥40% burn injury
- 8) Manage patients who develop diarrhea as follows:
  - discontinue bowel protocol
  - rule out stool impaction (complete a rectal check/other)
  - send stool for *C. difficile*

**Note:** Use of a Flexi-Seal rectal tube requires a full evaluation and completion of the ICU pre-printed MD order form.
- 9) Adhere to the ICU approved peri-operative periods:
  - intubated: NPO 5 minutes; resume EN at pre-op rate within 1hr.
  - non-intubated with NG tube: NPO 6 hrs; resume EN at pre-op rate within 1hr.
  - non-intubated with ND tube: NPO 2 hrs; resume EN at pre-op rate within 1hr.
- 10) Adhere to the ICU approved extubation NPO periods:
  - pre-extubation: NPO 1 hr (place NG Sump on suction).
  - post-extubation: resume EN at last tolerated rate in 4 hrs (unless contraindicated).
  - post-extubation: resume oral intake (sips/clear fluids) in 6 hrs (unless contraindicated).
- 11) Prior to extubation, assess if EN is required to be continued. If to be continued, ensure that the patient has the appropriate feeding access. Unless contraindicated, a small bore nasogastric feeding tube is the preferable access.
- 12) Following extubation, a swallowing assessment is required in patients with a known or expected swallowing disorder; signs of aspiration with the resumption of oral intake.

### TERMINATION OF ENTERAL NUTRITION

- 13) Following extubation, continue EN if oral intake is not to be resumed that same day. Discontinue EN once the patient is consuming ≥75% of requirements.

**Developed by:** J. Greenwood RD, in consultation with the ICU staff (Nutrition, Nursing, Medical). **Update:** 29/6/2009.  
**Reviewed by:** Members of the ICU QI/QA Committee. **Approved by:** Dr V. Dhingra, ICU Medical Director